

Table 5.13a Incidence of drug use in the Netherlands in seven samples: Amsterdam, Rotterdam, and five categories of address density municipalities, 1997 and 2001 (weighted percentages)

Drug	Incidence*									
	The Netherlands		Amsterdam		Rotterdam		Other		Total highest a.d.	
	1997	2001	1997	2001	1997	2001	1997	2001	1997	2001
Tobacco	1.7	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2
Alcohol	3.0	2.9	1.8	1.7	2.7	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0
Hypnotics	2.9	2.5	4.4	2.8	3.2	2.1	2.6	2.9	3.2	2.7
Sedatives	2.9	1.8	3.6	2.8	2.7	1.7	3.1	2.3	3.1	2.3
Cannabis	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.1
Cocaine	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Amphetamines	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
Ecstasy	0.4	0.5	1.3	1.0	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7
Hallucinogens all	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.1
LSD	.	0.0	.	0.1	.	0.1	.	0.1	.	0.1
Mushrooms	0.6	0.4	2.0	0.7	0.8	0.5	1.1	0.7	1.3	0.6
Opiates all	1.5	0.9	2.1	1.1	2.0	0.7	1.2	0.7	1.6	0.8
Morphine	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.7	0.3
Codeine	1.0	0.5	1.6	0.6	1.3	0.4	0.7	0.5	1.1	0.5
Heroin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inhalants	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
Smart drugs all	.	0.4	.	1.2	.	0.5	.	1.2	.	1.1
Herbal ecstasy	.	0.2	.	0.5	.	0.2	.	0.5	.	0.4
Guarana etc.	.	0.2	.	0.7	.	0.3	.	0.8	.	0.6
Perform. enh.	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Total respondents	21,959	17,655	3,710	3,934	2,320	2,547	6,766	2,330	12,796	8,811

*Percentage new users of the population of 12 years and over (persons that used a drug for the first time in the year prior to the interview).

Source: Manja D. Abraham, Hendrien L. Kaal, & Peter D.A. Cohen (2002), *Licit and Illicit Drug Use in the Netherlands, 2001*.

Amsterdam: CEDRO / Mets & Schilt, p. 163.

Table 5.13b Incidence of drug use in the Netherlands in seven samples: Amsterdam, Rotterdam, and five categories of address density municipalities, 1997 and 2001 (weighted percentages) (continued)

Drug	Incidence*									
	Highest a.d.		High a.d.		Moderate a.d.		Low a.d.		Lowest a.d.	
	1997	2001	1997	2001	1997	2001	1997	2001	1997	2001
Tobacco	1.2	1.2	1.8	1.3	1.8	1.3	1.8	1.0	1.8	1.4
Alcohol	2.1	2.0	2.8	2.8	3.4	2.9	3.2	3.2	3.6	3.6
Hypnotics	3.2	2.7	3.3	3.0	2.9	2.5	2.4	1.6	2.4	2.6
Sedatives	3.1	2.3	3.6	2.0	2.8	1.6	2.8	1.7	1.8	1.3
Cannabis	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.1	0.9	1.5	0.7	1.2	0.8
Cocaine	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2
Amphetamines	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1
Ecstasy	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2
Hallucinogens all	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1
LSD	.	0.1	.	0.1	.	0.0	.	0.0	.	0.1
Mushrooms	1.3	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3
Opiates all	1.6	0.8	1.4	1.0	1.5	0.8	1.3	1.2	1.5	0.7
Morphine	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.6
Codeine	1.1	0.5	1.2	0.6	0.9	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.1
Heroin	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Inhalants	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Smart drugs all	.	1.1	.	0.3	.	0.4	.	0.2	.	0.2
Herbal ecstasy	.	0.4	.	0.1	.	0.3	.	0.1	.	0.1
Guarana etc.	.	0.6	.	0.2	.	0.1	.	0.2	.	0.1
Perform. enh.	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3
Total respondents	12,796	8,811	2,295	2,640	2,276	2,123	2,288	2,149	2,304	1,932

*Percentage new users of the population of 12 years and over (persons that used a drug for the first time in the year prior to the interview).

Source: Manja D. Abraham, Hendrien L. Kaal, & Peter D.A. Cohen (2002), *Licit and Illicit Drug Use in the Netherlands, 2001*.
Amsterdam: CEDRO / Mets & Schilt. p. 164.